



Approval body for construction products and types of construction

Bautechnisches Prüfamt

An institution established by the Federal and Laender Governments



European Technical Assessment

ETA-15/0270 of 2 February 2016

English translation prepared by DIBt - Original version in German language

General Part

Technical Assessment Body issuing the Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik **European Technical Assessment:** Trade name of the construction product Sikla Injection system VMU plus for Concrete Product family Bonded anchor for use in concrete to which the construction product belongs Manufacturer Sikla Holding GmbH Kornstraße 4 **4614 MARCHTRENK** ÖSTERREICH Sikla Herstellwerk 1 Manufacturing plant This European Technical Assessment 24 pages including 3 annexes which form an integral part contains of this assessment This European Technical Assessment is Guideline for European technical approval of "Metal anchors for use in concrete", ETAG 001 Part 5: "Bonded issued in accordance with Regulation (EU) anchors", April 2013, No 305/2011, on the basis of used as European Assessment Document (EAD) according to Article 66 Paragraph 3 of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011. This version replaces ETA-15/0270 issued on 5 June 2015

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik Kolonnenstraße 30 B | 10829 Berlin | GERMANY | Phone: +49 30 78730-0 | Fax: +49 30 78730-320 | Email: dibt@dibt.de | www.dibt.de



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Specific Part

1 Technical description of the product

The "Injection system VMU plus for concrete" is a bonded anchor consisting of a cartridge with injection mortar VMU plus or VMU plus Polar and a steel element. The steel element consist of a commercial threaded rod with washer and hexagon nut in the range of M8 to M30 or a reinforcing bar in the range of diameter 8 to 32 mm.

The steel element is placed into a drilled hole filled with injection mortar and is anchored via the bond between metal part, injection mortar and concrete.

The product description is given in Annex A.

2 Specification of the intended use in accordance with the applicable European Assessment Document

The performances given in Section 3 are only valid if the anchor is used in compliance with the specifications and conditions given in Annex B.

The verifications and assessment methods on which this European Technical Assessment is based lead to the assumption of a working life of the anchor of at least 50 years. The indications given on the working life cannot be interpreted as a guarantee given by the producer, but are to be regarded only as a means for choosing the right products in relation to the expected economically reasonable working life of the works.

3 Performance of the product and references to the methods used for its assessment

3.1 Mechanical resistance and stability (BWR 1)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Characteristic resistance tension and shear loads	See Annex C 1 to C 8
Displacements under tension and shear loads	See Annex C 9 / C 10

3.2 Safety in case of fire (BWR 2)

Essential characteristic	Performance
Reaction to fire	Anchorages satisfy requirements for Class A1
Resistance to fire	No performance assessed

3.3 Hygiene, health and the environment (BWR 3)

Regarding dangerous substances there may be requirements (e.g. transposed European legislation and national laws, regulations and administrative provisions) applicable to the products falling within the scope of this European Technical Assessment. In order to meet the provisions of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011, these requirements need also to be complied with, when and where they apply.

3.4 Safety in use (BWR 4)

The essential characteristics regarding Safety in use are included under the Basic Works Requirement Mechanical resistance and stability.



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4 Assessment and verification of constancy of performance (AVCP) system applied, with reference to its legal base

In accordance with guideline for European technical approval ETAG 001, April 2013 used as European Assessment Document (EAD) according to Article 66 Paragraph 3 of Regulation (EU) No 305/2011 the applicable European legal act is: [96/582/EC].

The system to be applied is: 1

5 Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system, as provided for in the applicable EAD

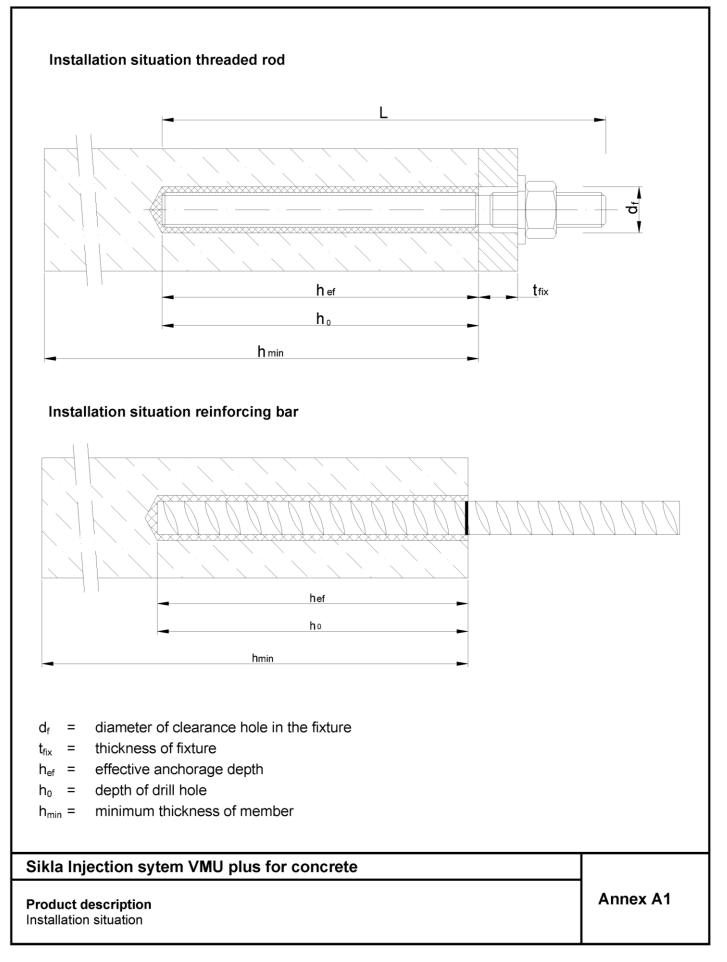
Technical details necessary for the implementation of the AVCP system are laid down in the control plan deposited with Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik.

Issued in Berlin on 2 February 2016 by Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

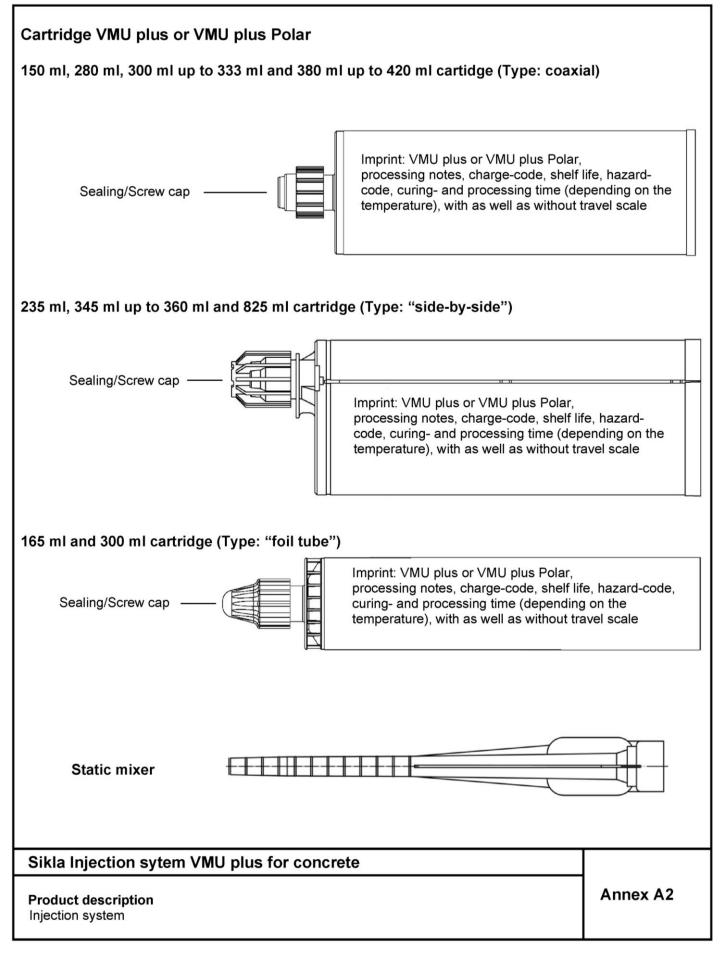
Uwe Bender Head of Department *beglaubigt:* Baderschneider

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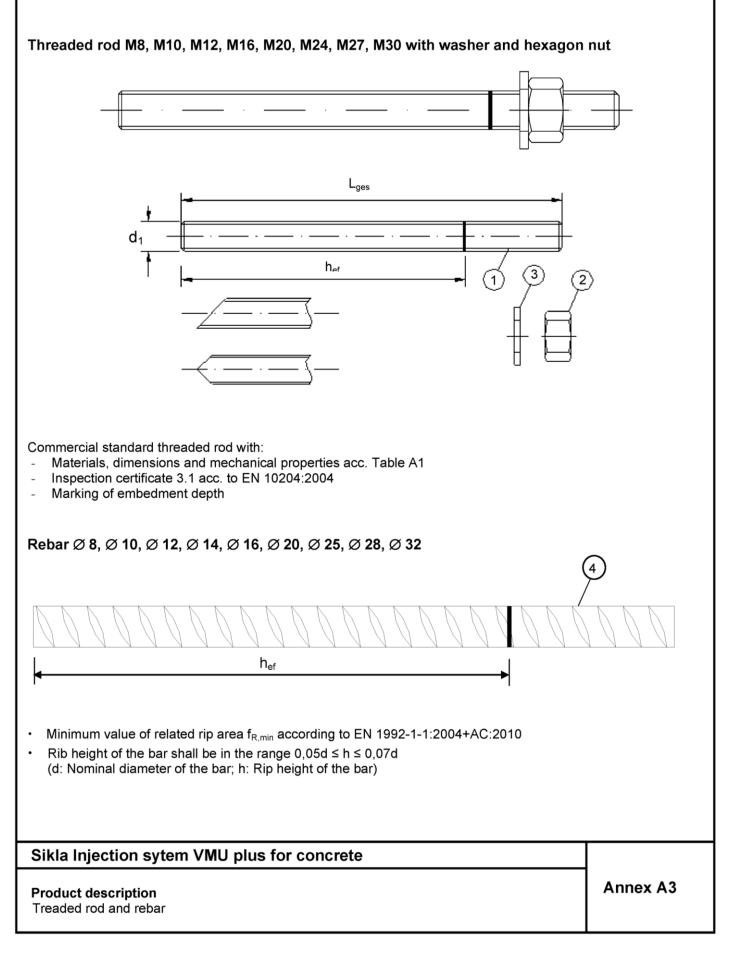














Part	Designation	Material						
	, zinc plated ≥ 5 µm acc. to EN ISO 404 , hot-dip galvanised ≥ 40 µm acc. to EN	2:1999 or I ISO 1461:2009 and EN ISO 10684:2004+AC:2009						
1	Anchor rod	Steel, EN 10087:1998 or EN 10263:2001 Property class 4.6, 4.8, 5.8, 8.8, EN 1993-1-8:2005+AC:2009 A5 > 8 % fracture elongation						
2	Hexagon nut	Steel acc. to EN 10087:1998 or EN 10263:2001 Property class 4 (for class 4.6 or 4.8 rod) EN ISO 898-2:2012, Property class 5 (for class 5.8 rod) EN ISO 898-2:2012, Property class 8 (for class 8.8 rod) EN ISO 898-2:2012						
3	Washer, EN ISO 887:2006, EN ISO 7089:2000							
Stain	less steel	1						
1	Anchor rod	Material 1.4401 / 1.4404 / 1.4571 / 1.4362, EN 10088-1:2005, > M24: Property class 50 EN ISO 3506-1:2009 ≤ M24: Property class 70 EN ISO 3506-1:2009 A₅ > 8% fracture elongation						
2	Hexagon nut	Material 1.4401 / 1.4404 / 1.4571 /1.4362, EN 10088:2005, > M24: Property class 50 (for class 50 rod) EN ISO 3506-2:2009 ≤ M24: Property class 70 (for class 70 rod) EN ISO 3506-2:2009						
3	Washer, EN ISO 887:2006, EN ISO 7089:2000, EN ISO 7093:2000 or EN ISO 7094:2000	Material 1.4401, 1.4404, 1.4571 or 1.4362, EN 10088-1:2005						
High	corrosion resistant steel							
1	Anchor rod	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565, EN 10088-1:2005, > M24: Property class 50 EN ISO 3506-1:2009 ≤ M24: Property class 70 EN ISO 3506-1:2009 A₅ > 8% fracture elongation						
2	Hexagon nut	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565 EN 10088-1:2005, > M24: Property class 50 (for class 50 rod) EN ISO 3506-2:2009 ≤ M24: Property class 70 (for class 70 rod) EN ISO 3506-2:2009						
3	Washer, EN ISO 887:2006, EN ISO 7089:2000, EN ISO 7093:2000 or EN ISO 7094:2000	Material 1.4529 / 1.4565, EN 10088-1:2005						
Reba	r							
4	Rebar EN 1992-1-1:2004+AC:2010, Annex C	Bars and de-coiled rods class B or C f_{yk} and k according to NDP or NCL of EN 1992-1-1/NA:2013 $f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$						

Product description Materials Annex A4



Specification of intended use

Anchorages subject to:

- Static and quasi-static loads: M8 to M30, Rebar Ø8 to Ø32.
- Seismic action for Performance Category C1: M8 to M30, Rebar Ø8 to Ø32.

Base materials:

- Reinforced or unreinforced normal weight concrete according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Strength classes C20/25 to C50/60 according to EN 206-1:2000.
- Cracked and non-cracked concrete: M8 to M30, Rebar Ø8 to Ø32.

Temperature Range:

- I: 40 °C to +40 °C (max long term temperature +24 °C and max short term temperature +40 °C)
- II: 40 °C to +80 °C (max long term temperature +50 °C and max short term temperature +80 °C)
- III: 40 °C to +120 °C (max long term temperature +72 °C and max short term temperature +120 °C)

Use conditions (Environmental conditions):

- Structures subject to dry internal conditions (zinc coated steel, stainless steel or high corrosion resistant steel).
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure (including industrial and marine environment) and to
 permanently damp internal condition, if no particular aggressive conditions exist
 (stainless steel or high corrosion resistant steel).
- Structures subject to external atmospheric exposure and to permanently damp internal condition, if other particular aggressive conditions exist (high corrosion resistant steel).

Note: Particular aggressive conditions are e.g. permanent, alternating immersion in seawater or the splash zone of seawater, chloride atmosphere of indoor swimming pools or atmosphere with extreme chemical pollution (e.g. in desulphurization plants or road tunnels where de-icing materials are used).

Design:

- Verifiable calculation notes and drawings are prepared taking account of the loads to be anchored. The position
 of the anchor is indicated on the design drawings (e. g. position of the anchor relative to reinforcement or to
 supports, etc.).
- · Anchorages are designed under the responsibility of an engineer experienced in anchorages and concrete work.
- Anchorages under static or quasi-static actions are designed in accordance with:
 - EOTA Technical Report TR 029 "Design of bonded anchors", Edition September 2010 or
 - CEN/TS 1992-4:2009
- Anchorages under seismic actions (cracked concrete) are designed in accordance with:
 - EOTA Technical Report TR 045 "Design of Metal Anchors under Seismic Action", Edition February 2013
 - Anchorages shall be positioned outside of critical regions (e.g. plastic hinges) of the concrete structure.
 - Fastenings in stand-off installation or with a grout layer are not allowed.

Installation:

- Dry or wet concrete: M8 to M30, Rebar Ø8 to Ø32.
- · Flooded holes (not sea water): M8 to M16, Rebar Ø8 to Ø16.
- · Hole drilling by hammer or compressed air drill mode.
- Overhead installation allowed.
- Anchor installation carried out by appropriately qualified personnel and under the supervision of the person responsible for technical matters of the site.

Sikla Injection sytem VMU plus for concrete

Intended Use Specifications

Deutsches Institut für Bautechnik

Table B1: Installation parameters for threaded rod										
Threaded rod			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Nominal drill hole diameter	d ₀ =	[mm]	10	12	14	18	24	28	32	35
Effective anchorage depth	h _{ef,min} =	[mm]	60	60	70	80	90	96	108	120
Ellective anchorage depth	h _{ef,max} =	[mm]	160	200	240	320	400	480	540	600
Diameter of clearance hole in the fixture	d _f ≤	[mm]	9	12	14	18	22	26	30	33
Diameter of steel brush	d _b	[mm]	12	14	16	20	26	30	34	37
Torque moment	T _{inst} ≤	[mm]	10	20	40	80	120	160	180	200
Thickness of fixture	t _{fix,min} >	[mm]				(D			
Thickness of fixture	t _{fix,max} <	[mm]				15	00			
Minimum thickness of member	h _{min}	[mm]	h _{ef} + 30 mm ≥ 100 mm				h _{ef} + 2d ₀			
Minimum spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150
Minimum edge distance	C _{min}	[mm]	40	50	60	80	100	120	135	150

Table B1: Installation parameters for threaded rod

Table B2: Installation parameters for rebar

Rebar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Nominal drill hole diameter	d _o =	[mm]	12	14	16	18	20	24	32	35	40
Effective anchorage	h _{ef,min} =	[mm]	60	60	70	75	80	90	100	112	128
depth	h _{ef,max} =	[mm]	160	200	240	280	320	400	480	540	640
Diameter of steel brush	d _b	[mm]	14	16	18	20	22	26	34	37	41,5
Minimum thickness of member	h _{min}	[mm]		h _{ef} + 30 mm ≥ 100 mm				h _{ef} + 2d ₀)		
Minimum spacing	S _{min}	[mm]	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	140	160
Minimum edge distance	C _{min}	[mm]	40	50	60	70	80	100	125	140	160

Sikla Injection sytem VMU plus for concrete

Intended Use Installation parameters



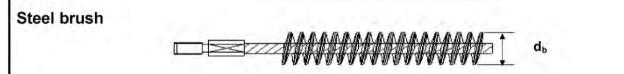
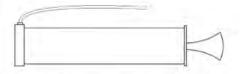


Table B3: Parameter cleaning and setting tools

Threaded Rod	Rebar	ar d₀ d₅ Drill bit - Ø Brush -		d _{b,min} min. Brush - Ø	Retaining washe
[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[mm]	[-]
M8		10	12	10,5	
M10	8	12	14	12,5	
M12	10	14	16	14,5	No
	12	16	18	16,5	- Retaining washer required
M16	14	18	20	18,5	1.000
	16	20	22	20,5	
M20	20	24	26	24,5	VM-IA 24
M24		28	30	28,5	VM-IA 28
M27	25	32	34	32,5	VM-IA 32
M30	28	35	37	35,5	VM-IA 35
	32	40	41,5	40,5	VM-IA 40



Blow-out pump (volume 750ml) Drill bit diameter (d_0): 10 mm to 20 mm Effective anchorage depth (h_{ef}): up to 240mm for non-cracked concrete



Recommended compressed air tool (min 6 bar) All applications

Retaining washer for overhead or horizontal installation Drill bit diameter (d₀): 24 mm to 40 mm

Sikla Injection sytem VMU plus for concrete

Intended Use Cleaning and setting tools



1.	90	Drill with hammer drill a hole into the base material to the size and embedment depth required by the selected anchor (Table B1 or Table B2). In case of aborted drill hole, the drill hole shall be filled with mortar. Attention! Standing water in the bore hole must be removed before cleaning!
2a.	or	Cleaning with compressed air: Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, blow out the hole with compressed air (min. 6 bar) a minimum of four times. If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension must be used Manual cleaning: <u>Non cracked concrete:</u> drill bit diameter ≤ 20mm and effective anchorage depth ≤ 240mm <u>Cracked concrete:</u> M12, M16, Ø 12, Ø 14, Ø 16 and effective anchorage depth ≤ 240mm Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, blow out the hole a minimum of four times. The blow-out pump can be used.
2b.		Check brush diameter (Table B3) and attach the brush to a drilling machine or a battery screwdriver. Brush the hole with an appropriate sized wire brush > d _{b,min} (Table B3) a minimum of four times. If the bore hole ground is not reached with the brush, a brush extension must be used.
2c.	Or	Cleaning with compressed air: Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole, blow out the hole with compressed air (min. 6 bar) a minimum of four times. If the bore hole ground is not reached an extension must be used Manual cleaning: <u>Non cracked concrete:</u> drill bit diameter ≤ 20mm and effective anchorage depth ≤ 240mm <u>Cracked concrete:</u> M12, M16, Ø 12, Ø 14, Ø 16 and effective anchorage depth ≤ 240mm Starting from the bottom or back of the bore hole blow out the hole a minimum of four times. The blow-out pump can be used. After cleaning, the bore hole has to be protected against re-contamination in an appropriate way, until dispensing the mortar in the bore hole. If necessary, the cleaning has to be repeated directly before dispensing the mortar. In-flowing water must not contaminate the bore hole again.
3.	A LUB J	Attach a supplied static-mixing nozzle to the cartridge and load the cartridge into the correct dispensing tool. Cut off the foil tube clip before use. For every working interruption longer than the recommended working time (Table B4 or Table B5) as well as for new cartridges, a new static-mixer shall be used.
4.	< het >	Prior to inserting the anchor rod into the filled bore hole, the position of the embedment depth shall be marked on the anchor rods.
5.	min3x a	Prior to dispensing into the drill hole, squeeze out separately a minimum of three full strokes and discard non-uniformly mixed adhesive components until the mortar shows a consistent grey colour. For foil tube cartridges is must be discarded a minimum of six full strokes.
6.		Starting from the bottom or back of the cleaned drill hole fill the hole up to approximately two- thirds with adhesive. Slowly withdraw the static mixing nozzle as the hole fills to avoid creating air pockets. For embedment larger than 190 mm an extension nozzle must be used. For overhead and horizontal installation a retaining washer (Annex B3) and extension nozzle shall be used. Observe the gel-/ working times given in Table B4 or Table B5.

Sikla Injection sytem VMU plus for concrete

Intended Use Installation instructions

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Inst	allation instruc	tions (continuation)
7.		Push the threaded rod or reinforcing bar into the hole while turning slightly to ensure proper distribution of the adhesive until the embedment depth is reached.
	+ 7	The anchor shall be free of dirt, grease, oil or other foreign material.
8.		Make sure that the anchor is fully seated up to the full embedment depth and that excess mortar is visible at the top of the hole. If these requirements are not maintained, the application has to be renewed. For overhead installation the anchor should be fixed (e.g. wedges).
9.	X	Allow the adhesive to cure to the specified time prior to applying any load or torque. Do not move or load the anchor until it is fully cured (attend Table B4 or Table B5).
10.		Remove excess mortar.
11.	Tinst	The fixture can be mounted after curing time. Apply installation torque T _{inst} according to Table B1 by using a calibrated torque wrench.
	I	

Sikla Injection sytem VMU plus for concrete

Intended Use Installation instructions (continuation)



Concrete temperature	Maximum processing time	Minimum curing time in dry concrete ¹⁾				
-10°C to -6°C	90 min ²⁾	24 h ²⁾				
-5°C to -1°C	90 min	14 h				
0°C to +4°C	45 min	7 h				
+5°C to +9°C	25 min	2 h				
+10°C to +19°C	15 min	80 min				
+20°C to +29°C	6 min	45 min				
+30°C to +34°C	4 min	25 min				
+35°C to +39°C	2 min	20 min				
+ 40°C	1,5 min	15 min				
Cartridge temperature	+ 5°C to	o + 40°C				

¹⁾ In wet concrete the curing time must be doubled.
 ²⁾ Cartridge temperature must be at min. + 15°C.

Maximum processing time and minimum curing time, VMU plus Polar Table B5:

Concrete temperature	Maximum processing time	Minimum curing time in dry concrete ¹⁾				
- 20°C to -16°C	75 min	24 h				
-15°C to -11°C	55 min	16 h				
-10°C to -6°C	35 min	10 h				
-5°C to -1°C	20 min	5 h				
0°C to +4°C	10 min	2,5 h				
+5°C to +9°C	6 min	80 min				
+10°C	6 min	60 min				
Cartridge temperature	- 20°C to + 10°C					

¹⁾ In wet concrete the curing time must be doubled.

Sikla Injection sytem VMU plus for concrete

Intended Use Processing time and curing time



Threaded rod				M 8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Steel failure											
Characteristic tension res	istance	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]				As	• f _{uk}			
Combined pull-out and	concrete cone fa	ailure									
Characteristic bond resist	ance in cracked o	concrete C2	0/25								
Temperature range l:	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	4,0	5,0	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	6,5	6,5
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	4,0	4,0	5,5	5,5		not adr	nissible	
Temperature range II:	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	2,5	3,5	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,5	4,5
80°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	2,5	3,0	4,0	4,0		not admissible		
Temperature range III: 120°C/72°C	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	2,0	2,5	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,5	3,5
	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	2,0	2,5	3,0	3,0		not admissible		
	1		C25/30								
			C30/37 C35/45					04 07			
Increasing factor for $\tau_{\text{Rk,cr}}$		Ψc	C40/50				-	08			
			C45/55					09			
			C50/60	1,10							
Factor according to CEN/	TS 1992-4-5	k ₈	[-]				7	,2			
Concrete cone failure											
Factor according to CEN/	TS 1992-4-5	k _{cr}	[-]				7	,2			
Edge distance		C _{cr,N}	[mm]				1,5	h _{ef}			
Axial distance		S _{cr,N}	[mm]				3,0	h _{ef}			
Installation safety factor		$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$	[-]	1,0				1,2			
(dry and wet concrete) Installation safety factor (flooded bore hole)		$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$	[-]		1	,4			not adr	nissible	

Sikla Injection sytem VMU plus for concrete

Performance

Characteristic values for threaded rods under tension loads in cracked concrete

Annex C1

8.06.01-23/16



	racteristic va c rete	lues for t l	hreaded	rods	under	tensio	on loa	ds in I	non-ci	racked	ł	
Threaded rod				M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30	
Steel failure												
Characteristic tension re	esistance	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]				As	• f _{uk}				
Combined pull-out an	d concrete cone	failure										
Characteristic bond resi	istance in non-cra	acked concr	ete C20/25									
Temperature range I:	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	10	12	12	12	12	11	10	9	
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{\rm Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	7,5	7,5 8,5 8,5 8,5 not ac					nissible		
Temperature range II:	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	7,5	9	9	9	9	8,5	7,5	6,5	
80°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	5,5	6,5	6,5	6,5		not adr	nissible	issible	
Temperature range III:	dry and wet concrete	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	5,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	5,5	5,0	
120°C/72°C	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	4,0	5,0	5,0	5,0		not adr	nissible		
			C25/30				1,	02				
			C30/37	1,02								
Increasing factor for a			C35/45	1,07								
Increasing factor for τ_{Rk}	,ucr	Ψc	C40/50	1,08								
			C45/55	1,09								
			C50/60	1,10								
Factor according to CE	N/TS 1992-4-5	k ₈	[-]	10,1								
Concrete cone failure												
Factor according to CE	N/TS 1992-4-5	k _{ucr}	[-]	10,1								
Edge distance		C _{cr,N}	[mm]	1,5 h _{ef}								
Axial distance		S _{cr,N}	[mm]	3,0 h _{ef}								
Splitting failure												
Edge distance for		C _{cr,sp}	[mm]			1,0∙h _{ef} ≤	≦ 2·h _{ef} (2	$(5-\frac{h}{h_{ef}})$	≤2,4·h _{ef}			
Axial distance		S _{cr,sp}	[mm]					cr,sp				
Installation safety factor (dry and wet concrete)	r	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$	[-]	1,0				1,2				
Installation safety factor (flooded bore hole)	ſ	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$	[-]	1,4 r					not adr	not admissible		
Sikla Injection s	ytem VMU p	olus for o	oncrete						4			
Performance Characteristic values	s for threaded I	r ods under	tension lo	oads in	non-cı	racked	concre	te	An	inex C	;2	

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Table C3: Characteristic values for threaded rods under shear loads in cracked and noncracked concrete

Threaded rod			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Steel failure without lever arm										
Characteristic shear resistance	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]				0,5 · /	A _s ∙f _{uk}			
Ductility factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5	k ₂	[-]				0	,8			
Steel failure with lever arm										
Characteristic bending moment	M ⁰ _{Rk,s}	[Nm]				1,2 · V	V _{el} • f _{uk}			
Concrete pry-out failure										
Factor k acc. to TR 029 or k ₃ acc. to CEN/TS 1992-4-5	k ₍₃₎	[-]				2	,0			
Concrete edge failure										
Effective length of anchor	lf	[mm]			lf	= min(h	_{ef} ; 8 d _{no}	m)		
Outside diameter of anchor	d _{nom}	[mm]	8	10	12	16	20	24	27	30
Installation safety factor	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$	[-]				1	,0			

Sikla Injection sytem VMU plus for concrete

Performance

Characteristic value for threaded rods under shear loads



Threaded rod				M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30	
Tension load												
Steel failure			_									
Characteristic tension re	esistance	N _{Rk,s,seis}	[kN]				As	• f _{uk}				
Combined pull-out and	d concrete cone	failure										
Characteristic bond resi	istance in concret	e C20/25 to	C50/60									
Temperature range I:	dry and wet concrete	TRk,seis	[N/mm²]	2,5	3,1	3,7	3,7	3,7	3,8	4,5	4,5	
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	TRk,seis	[N/mm ²]	2,5	2,5	3,7	3,7		not adn	nissible		
Temperature range II:	dry and wet concrete	TRk, seis	[N/mm²]	1,6	2,2	2,7	2,7	2,7	2,8	3,1	3,1	
80°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	TRk,seis	[N/mm ²]	1,6	1,9	2,7	2,7		not adn	nissible		
Temperature range III:	dry and wet concrete	T _{Rk,seis}	[N/mm²]	1,3	1,6	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,1	2,4	2,4	
120°C/72°C	flooded bore hole	TRk, seis	[N/mm ²]	1,3	1,6	2,0	2,0		not adn	nissible		
Increasing factor for τ_{Rk}	seis	Ψe	[-]				1	1,0				
Installation safety factor (dry and wet concrete)		$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$	[-]	1,0				1,2				
Installation safety factor (flooded bore hole)	•	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$	[-]		1	.4			not adn	nissible		
Shear load												
Steel failure without le	ever arm											
Characteristic shear res	sistance	V _{Rk,s,seis}	[kN]				0,35 •	A _s ∙ f _{uk}				
Steel failure with lever	r arm											
Characteristic bending r	moment	M ⁰ Rk,s,seis	[Nm]		No	Perform	mance D	etermin	ed (NPI))		



Rebar				Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure												
Characteristic tension re	esistance	$N_{Rk,s}$	[kN]					A _s ∙ f _{uk} ¹)			
Combined pull-out and	d concrete cor	ne failure										
Characteristic bond resi	stance in crack	ed concre	te C20/25									
Temperature range I:	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	4,0	5,0	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	5,5	6,5	6,5
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	4,0	4,0	5,5	5,5	5,5		not adn	nissible	
Temperature range II:	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	2,5	3,5	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	4,5	4,5
80°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	2,5	3,0	4,0	4,0	4,0	not admissible			
Temperature range III:	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	2,0	2,5	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,0	3,5	3,5
120°C/72°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,cr}	[N/mm²]	2,0	2,5	3,0	3,0	3,0		not adn	nissible	
Increasing factors for τ_{R}	k,cr	Ψο	C25/30 C30/37 C35/45 C40/50 C45/55 C50/60					1,02 1,04 1,07 1,08 1,09 1,10				
Factor acc. to CEN/TS	1992-4-5	k ₈	[-]					7,2				
Concrete cone failure												
Factor acc. to CEN/TS	r acc. to CEN/TS 1992-4-5 k _{cr}							7,2				
Edge distance c _{cr,N}			[mm]					1,5 h _{ef}				
Axial distance S _{cr,N}			[mm]					3,0 h _{ef}				
Installation safety factor (dry and wet concrete)		$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$	[-]	1,0				1	,2			
Installation safety factor (flooded bore hole)		$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$	[-]			1,4				not adm	issible	

¹⁾ $\mathbf{f}_{uk} = \mathbf{f}_{tk} = \mathbf{k} \cdot \mathbf{f}_{yk}$

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Performance

Characteristic values for rebar under tension loads in cracked concrete



Rebar				Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure												
Characteristic tension re	esistance	N _{Rk,s}	[kN]					A _s • f _{uk}	1)			
Combined pull-out an	d concrete con	e failure										
Characteristic bond resi	istance in non-cr	acked con	crete C20/2	5								
Temperature range I:	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	10	12	12	12	12	12	11	10	8,5
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	$\tau_{Rk,ucr}$	[N/mm²]	7,5	8,5	8,5	8,5	8,5		not ad	missible	•
Temperature range II:	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	7,5	9	9	9	9	9	8,0	7,0	6,0
80°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	5,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5		not ad	missible	•
Temperature range III:	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	5,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,5	6,0	5,0	4,5
120°C/72°C	flooded bore hole	τ _{Rk,ucr}	[N/mm²]	4,0	5,0	5,0	5,0	5,0		not ad	missible	•
Increasing factors for τ_{R}								1,02 1,04 1,07 1,08 1,09				
Factor acc. to CEN/TS	1992-4-5	k ₈	C50/60 [-]					1,10 10,1				
Concrete cone failure												
Factor acc. to CEN/TS	1992-4-5	k _{ucr}	[-]					10,1				
Edge distance		C _{cr,N}	[mm]					1,5 h _{et}				
Axial distance		S _{cr,N}	[mm]					3,0 h _{et}	-			
Splitting failure												
Edge distance for		C _{cr,sp}	[mm]			1,0∙h	_{ef} ≤ 2 h	_{ef} (2,5-	$\left(\frac{h}{h_{ef}}\right) \le 2$	2,4∙h _{ef}		
Axial distance		S _{cr,sp}	[mm]					2 c _{cr,sp}				
Installation safety factor (dry and wet concrete)		$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$	[-]	1,0				1	,2			
Installation safety factor (flooded bore hole)						1,4				not adı	nissible	,
$f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$												

Performance

Characteristic values for rebar under tension loads in non-cracked concrete



Rebar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Steel failure without lever arm											
Characteristic shear resistance	V _{Rk,s}	[kN]				0,5	0 • A _s •	f _{uk} ¹⁾			
Ductility factor according to CEN/TS 1992-4-5	k ₂	[-]					0,8				
Steel failure with lever arm											
Characteristic bending moment	M ⁰ Rk,s	[Nm]				1,2	• W _{el} • †	1) uk			
Concrete pry-out failure											
Factor k acc. to TR 029 or k_3 acc. to CEN/TS 1992-4-5	k ₍₃₎	[-]					2,0				
Concrete edge failure											
Effective length of anchor	۱ _f	[mm]				l _f = m	nin(h _{ef} ; 8	d _{nom})			
Outside diameter of anchor	d _{nom}	[mm]	8	10	12	14	16	20	25	28	32
Installation safety factor	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$	[-]					1,0				
$f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$											

Performance

Characteristic values for rebar under shear loads in cracked and non-cracked concrete

Annex C7

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Rebar				Ø8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Tension load												
Steel failure												
Characteristic tension r	esistance	N _{Rk,s,seis}	[kN]				:	A _s ∙ f _{uk} ¹)			
Combined pull-out an	d concrete con	e failure	10									
Characteristic bond res	istance in concr	ete C20/25	to C50/60	0								
Temperature range I:	dry and wet concrete	TRk,seis	[N/mm²]	2,5	3,1	3,7	3,7	3,7	3,7	3,8	4,5	4,5
40°C/24°C	flooded bore hole	TRk,seis	[N/mm²]	2,5	2,5	3,7	3,7	3,7		not adr	nissible	
Temperature range II:	dry and wet concrete	τ _{Rk,seis}	[N/mm²]	1,6	2,2	2,7	2,7	2,7	2,7	2,8	3,1	3,1
80°C/50°C	flooded bore hole	TRk,seis	[N/mm²]	1,6	1,9	2,7	2,7	2,7		not adr	nissible	1
Temperature range III:	dry and wet concrete	TRk,seis	[N/mm²]	1,3	1,6	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,1	2,4	2,4
120°C/72°C	flooded bore hole	TRk,seis.	[N/mm²]	1,3	1,6	2,0	2,0	2,0		not adr	nissible	1
Increasing factor for TRA	, seis	Ψc	[-]		1			1,0				
Installation safety facto	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$	[-]	1,0				1	2				
(dry and wet concrete) Installation safety facto (flooded bore hole)	r	$\gamma_2 = \gamma_{inst}$	[-]			1,4				not adr	nissible	f
Shear load												
Steel failure without le	ever arm											
Characteristic shear res	sistance	V _{Rk,s,seis}	[kN]				0,3	5 • A _s •	f _{uk} 1)			
Steel failure with leve	r arm											
Characteristic bending	moment	M ⁰ Rk,s,seis	[Nm]	1	1	No Per	forman	ce Dete	ermined	(NPD)		
$f_{uk} = f_{tk} = k \cdot f_{yk}$												
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Threaded rod			M8	M10	M12	M16	M20	M24	M27	M30
Non-cracked concrete	C20/25						_	_		
Temperature range I:	δ_{N0} -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,021	0,023	0,026	0,031	0,036	0,041	0,045	0,049
40°C/24°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,030	0,033	0,037	0,045	0,052	0,060	0,065	0,071
Temperature range II:	δ_{N0} -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,075	0,088	0,100	0,110	0,119
80°C/50°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,108	0,127	0,145	0,159	0,172
Temperature range III:	δ_{N0} -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,075	0,088	0,100	0,110	0,119
120°C/72°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,108	0,127	0,145	0,159	0,172
Cracked concrete C20	/25							-		
Temperature range I:	δ_{N0} -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,0	90			0,0)70		
40°C/24°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,1	05			0,1	05		
Temperature range II:	δ_{N0} -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,2	219			0,1	70		
80°C/50°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,2	255			0,2	245		
Temperature range III:	δ_{N0} -factor	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,2	219			0,1	70		
120°C/72°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,2	255			0,2	245		

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¹⁾ Calculation of the displacement

 $\delta_{N0} = \delta_{N0}$ -Faktor $\cdot \tau$; τ : acting bond stress for tension load

 $\delta_{N\infty} = \delta_{N\infty}$ -Faktor $\cdot \tau$;

Displacements under shear load¹ (threaded rod) Table C10:

Threaded rod			M 8	M 10	M 12	M 16	M 20	M24	M 27	M 30
Non-cracked conc	rete C20/25					-	_		-	
All temperature	δ_{V0} -factor	[mm/(kN)]	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
ranges	$\delta_{V\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(kN)]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,05
Cracked concrete	C20/25					_	-		-	
All temperature	δ_{V0} -factor	[mm/(kN)]	0,12	0,12	0,11	0,10	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,07
ranges	$\delta_{V\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(kN)]	0,18	0,18	0,17	0,15	0,14	0,13	0,12	0,10

¹⁾ Calculation of the displacement

 $\delta_{V0} = \delta_{V0}$ -factor · V; V: acting shear load $\delta_{V\infty} = \delta_{V\infty}$ -factor \cdot V;

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Performance

Displacements (threaded rod)



Table C11: Disp	lacemen	ts under ten	sion I	oad ¹⁾	(rebar)					
Rebar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Non-cracked concrete	C20/25										
Temperature range I:	δ_{N0} -factor	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,021	0,023	0,026	0,028	0,031	0,036	0,043	0,047	0,052
40°C/24°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,030	0,033	0,037	0,041	0,045	0,052	0,061	0,071	0,075
Temperature range II:	δ_{N0} -factor	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,069	0,075	0,088	0,104	0,113	0,126
80°C/50°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm ²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,099	0,108	0,127	0,149	0,163	0,181
Temperature range III:	δ_{N0} -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,050	0,056	0,063	0,069	0,075	0,088	0,104	0,113	0,126
120°C/72°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,072	0,081	0,090	0,099	0,108	0,127	0,149	0,163	0,181
Cracked concrete C20	/25										
Temperature range I:	δ_{N0} -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,0	90				0,070			
40°C/24°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,1	05				0,105			
Temperature range II:	δ_{N0} -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,2	219				0,170			
80°C/50°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,2	255				0,245			
Temperature range III:	δ_{N0} -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,2	219				0,170			
120°C/72°C	$\delta_{N\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(N/mm²)]	0,2	255				0,245			

¹⁾ Calculation of the displacement

 $\begin{array}{ll} \delta_{\text{N0}} = \delta_{\text{N0}}\text{-}\text{Faktor} \ \cdot \ \tau; & \tau: \text{ acting bond stress for tension load} \\ \delta_{\text{N}\infty} = \delta_{\text{N}\infty}\text{-}\text{Faktor} \ \cdot \ \tau; & \end{array}$

Table C12: Displacements under shear load¹⁾ (rebar)

Rebar			Ø 8	Ø 10	Ø 12	Ø 14	Ø 16	Ø 20	Ø 25	Ø 28	Ø 32
Non-cracked cond	rete C20/25				-						
All temperature	δ_{V0} -factor	[mm/(kN)]	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04	0,04	0,03	0,03	0,03
ranges	$\delta_{V\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(kN)]	0,09	0,08	0,08	0,06	0,06	0,05	0,05	0,04	0,04
Cracked concrete	C20/25										
All temperature	δ_{V0} -factor	[mm/(kN)]	0,12	0,12	0,11	0,11	0,10	0,09	0,08	0,07	0,06
ranges	$\delta_{V\infty}$ -factor	[mm/(kN)]	0,18	0,18	0,17	0,16	0,15	0,14	0,12	0,11	0,10
¹⁾ Calculation of th $\delta_{V0} = \delta_{V0}$ -factor $\delta_{V\infty} = \delta_{V\infty}$ -factor	·V;	t V: acting she	ar load								

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Performance

Displacements (rebar)